

GLOBE

Global Learning & Observations to Benefit the Environment globe.gov and observer.globe.gov



Citizen Science Data Quality: The GLOBE Program

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GLOBE Program

Global Learning & Observations to Benefit the Environment (GLOBE)







Supported by:







GLOBE by numbers

Since 1995

50+ environmental parameters

122 countries

41,000 schools

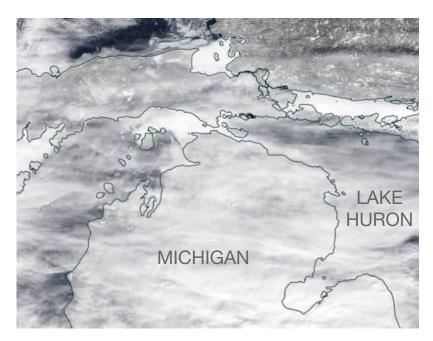
200,000 citizen scientists



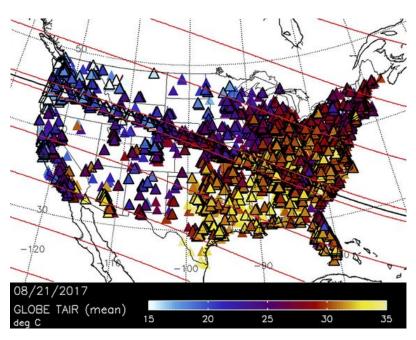
23rd GLOBE Annual Meeting, Detroit, Michigan, USA, July 2019



Research applications of GLOBE data



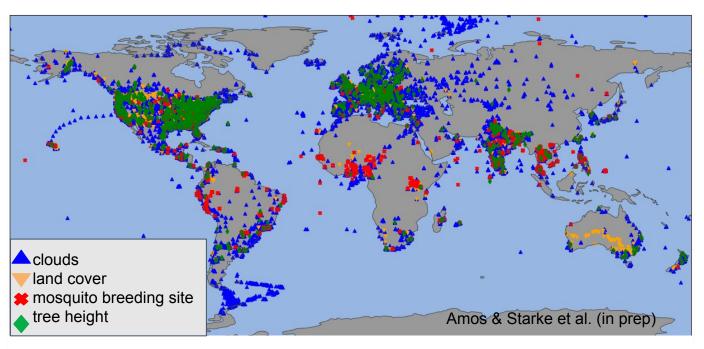
Ault et al., 2006, Remote Sens. Environ.



Dodson et al., 2019, J. Appl. Meteo. Clim.



International data collection



GLOBE data are available to everyone: globe.gov/globe-data

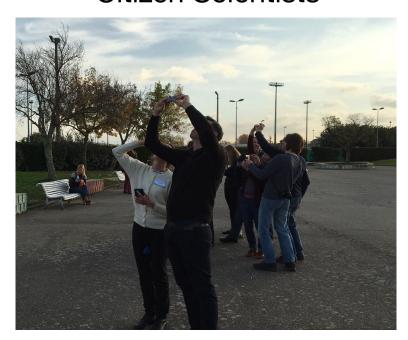


Who is collecting data?

Teachers & Students



Citizen Scientists





How are data collected and entered?

Automated Stations & Loggers













Data are collected using standardized protocols

Hydrosphere

Alkalinity
Conductivity
Dissolved Oxygen
Macroinvertebrates
Mosquitoes
Nitrate
pH
Salinity
Water Temperature
Water Transparency

Biosphere

Biometry
Tree Height
Carbon Cycle
Green Up
Green Down
Land Cover
Lilac Phenology
Pheno. Gardens

Pedosphere

Bulk Density
Particle Size Dist.
Particle Density
pH
Soil Characterization
Soil Fertility
Soil Moisture
Soil Infiltration
Soil Temperature
Frost Tube

Atmosphere

Aerosols
Clouds
Air Pressure
Precipitation
Relative Humidity
Surf. Temperature
Air Temperature
Water Vapor



View GLOBE protocols: globe.gov/do-globe/globe-spheres



Participants must complete training before contributing data

In-Person



Online



In the app



globe.gov/get-trained

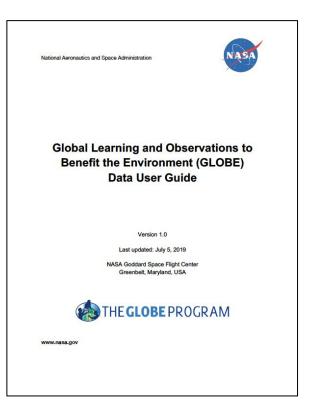


Technical documentation

User guide released July 2019

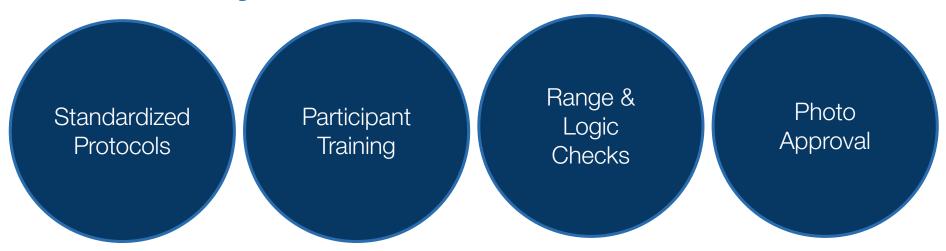
To help scientists and researchers understand, access, and use available GLOBE data.

PDF available globe.gov/globe-data/globe-data-user-guide





Data Quality Assurance

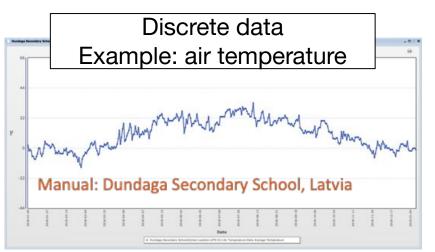


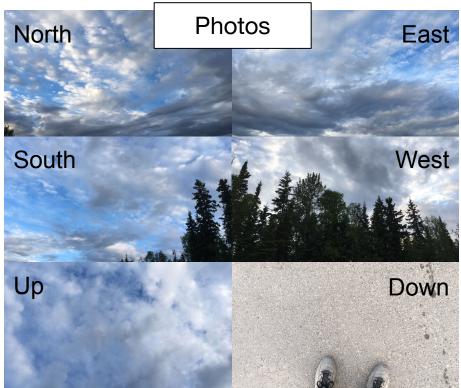
When protocols for collecting data are well written, instruments are of good quality, and range checks are put into place then the data collected is that of "research grade data" (Lawless and Rock 1998)

Lawless, J. G., and B. N. Rock, 1998: Student Scientist Partnerships and Data Quality. *Journal of Science Education and Technology*, **7**, 5–13, doi:10.1023/A:1022575914118.



What kinds of data have to be quality controlled?





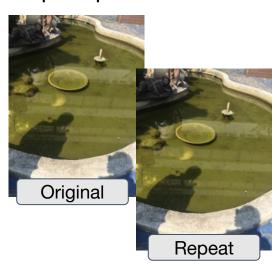


QA/QC: recent exploratory work

Blurry photo detection



Repeat photo detection



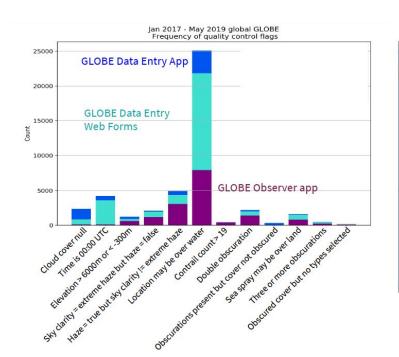
Email intervention

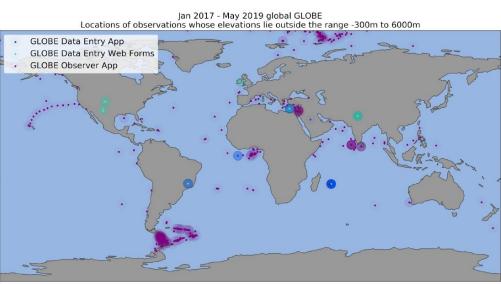


Credit: K. Arica, H. Amos, E. Podest, M. Colón Robles, T. Rogerson



QA/QC: recent exploratory work





Credit: M. Starke, H. Amos, M. Colón Robles, T. Rogerson



Summary

GLOBE is a worldwide community of students, teachers, scientists, and citizen scientists

GLOBE's quality assurance is multi-faceted: standardized protocols, training, range & logic checks on data

GLOBE data are freely available to everyone at globe.gov/globe-data



Upcoming virtual training on Jan 23





GLOBE

Global Learning & Observations to Benefit the Environment https://globe.gov and https://observer.globe.gov @NASAGO

GLOBE Data Fundamentals: Training 1

January 23, 2020

Questions? help@globe.gov



Register here: http://bit.ly/GLOBE-Data



Stay connected with GLOBE

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https://lists.nasa.gov/mailman/listinfo/go-sci



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Download the app!





